

A Cross-Layer Analytical Model of End-to-End Delay Performance for Wireless Multi-hop Environments

Yu Chen

Dept of Electronic and Electrical Engineering University College London, U.K.

12, September 2010

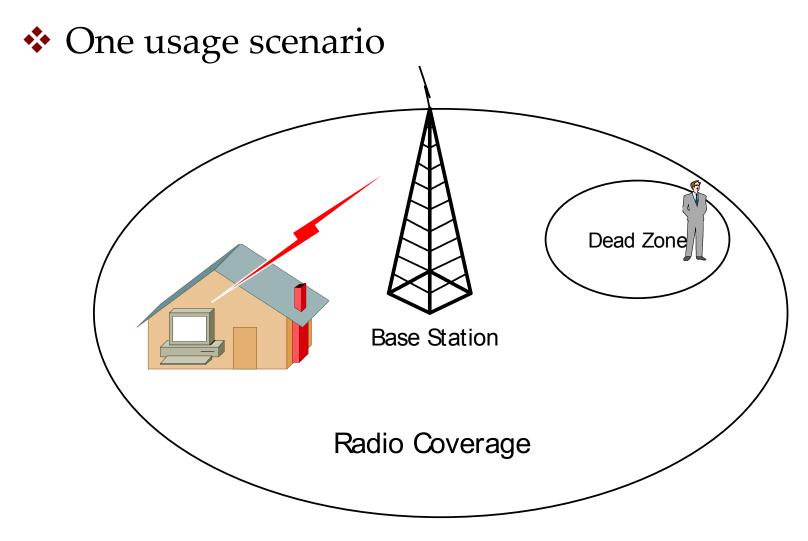


Outline

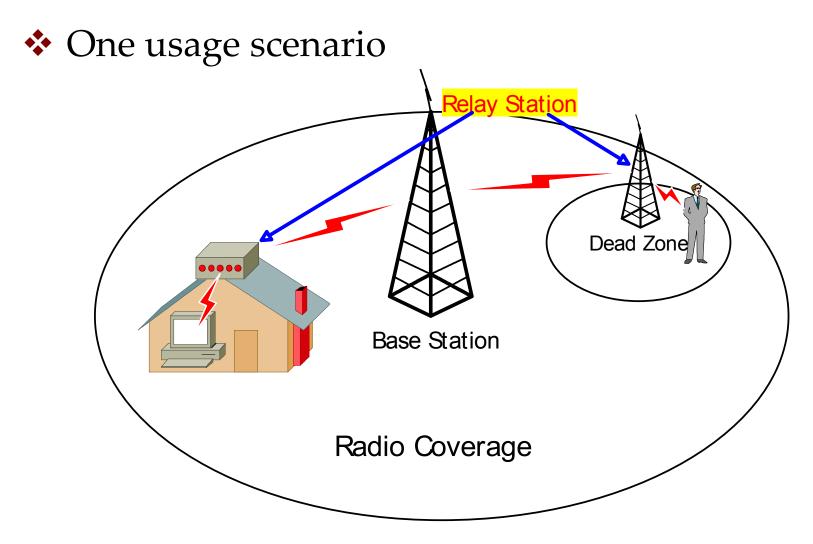
- Wireless Multi-hop Environments
- System Model
- Single-hop Delay Performance Analysis
- Multi-hop Delay Performance Analysis
- Analytical and Simulation Results













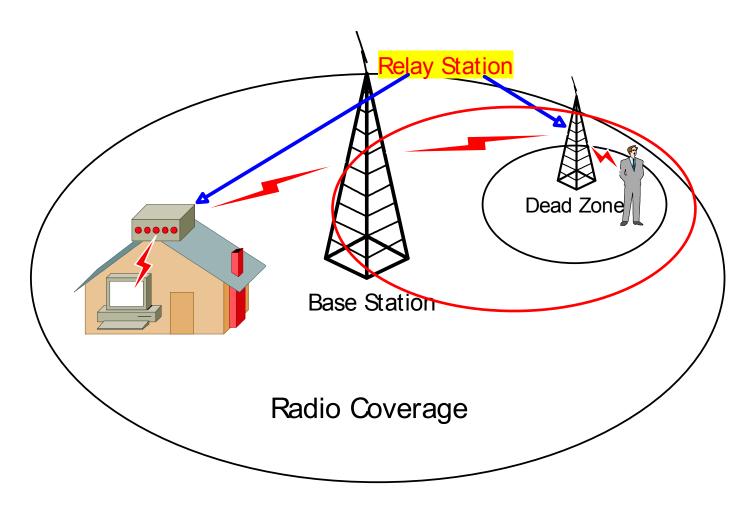
- Advantages of Wireless Multi-hop Env.
 - Capacity Enhancement
 - Coverage Increasement
- Standards adopted the wireless multi-hop architecture
 - ✤ the IEEE 802.11s
 - ✤ the IEEE 802.16j
 - ✤ LTE-A



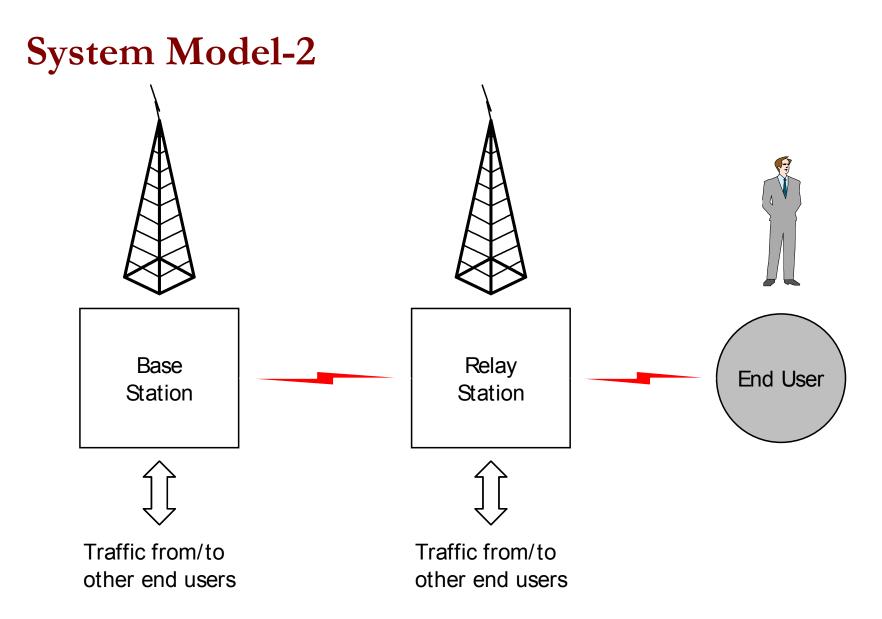
- Disadvantages of Wireless Multi-hop Env.
 - End-to-end Quality of Service
 - Security
 - ✤ Etc.
- Research Objective
 - To analyse, predict and guarantee multi-hop delay performance



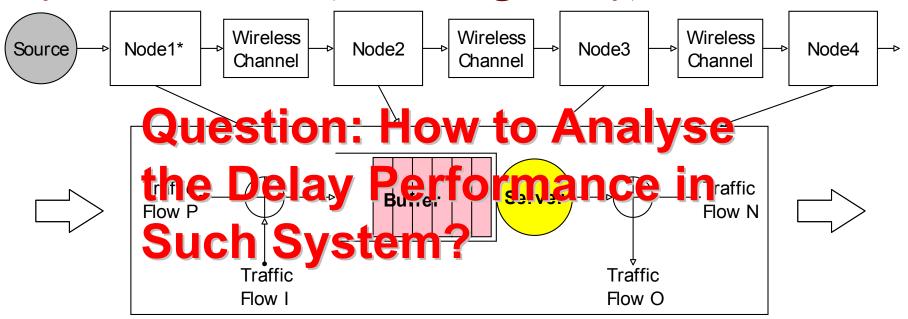
System Model-1







System Model-3 (Queueing Delay)

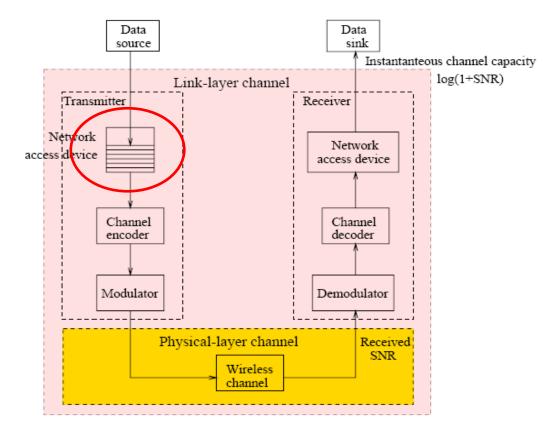


* The input traffic is from Traffic Flow P only

Traffic Correlation Index =
$$\frac{\text{Traffic Flow P}}{\text{Traffic Flow P} + \text{Traffic Flow I}}$$
$$= \frac{\text{Traffic Flow N}}{\text{Traffic Flow N} + \text{Traffic Flow O}}$$

Single-hop Delay Performance Analysis-1

Effective Capacity (by Prof. D. Wu)





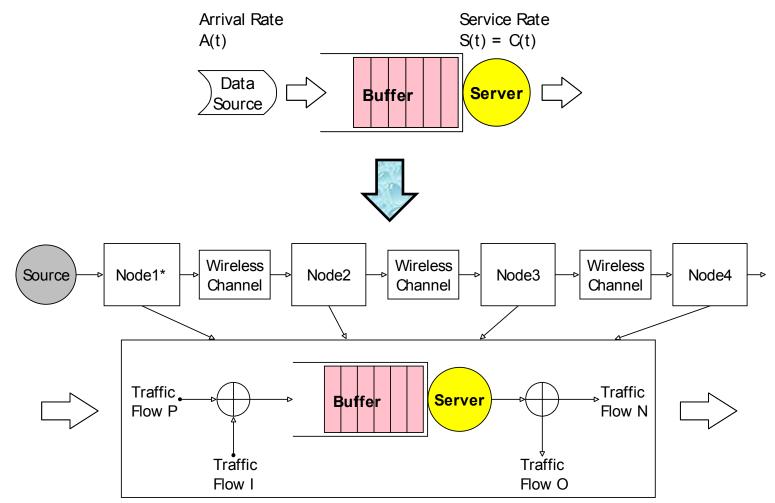
Single-hop Delay Performance Analysis-2

A data-link layer queueing modelArrival RateA(t)Service RateS(t) = C(t)DataSourceBufferServe

Delay Bound Violation Probability

$$\Pr(D > x) \approx \gamma \cdot \exp(-\theta \cdot x)$$

Multi-hop Delay Performance Analysis-1



* The input traffic is from Traffic Flow P only



Multi-hop Delay Performance Analysis-2

Delay Bound Violation Probability in Wireless Multi-hop Environments

$$\Pr(\sum_{i=1}^{h} D_i > x) = \sum_{i=1}^{h} \left(\prod_{j=1, i \neq j}^{h} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma_j \cdot \theta_i}{\theta_j - \theta_i} \right) \right) \cdot \gamma_i \cdot \exp(-\theta_i \cdot x)$$



Analytical and Simulation Results-1

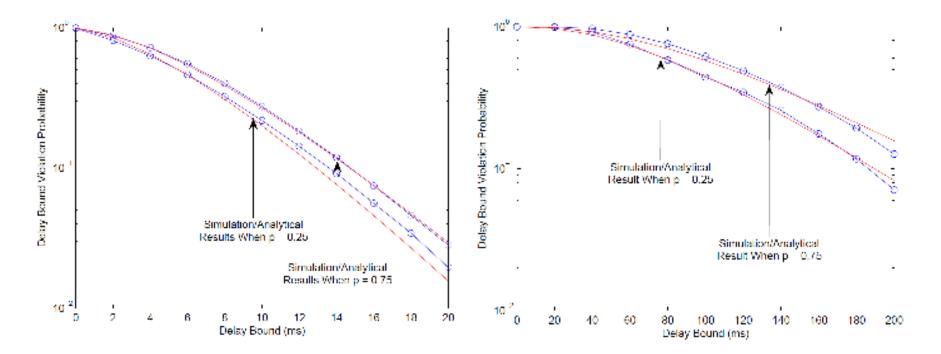
Simulation parameters

Parameters	Values
Channel Model	Rayleigh Distr.
Average SNR, SNR _{avg}	15dB
AWGN channel capacity, r_{AWGN}	100kbps
Maximum Doppler rate, f_m	30hz
Average Traffic Load, μ	75 and 85 kbps
Time Step, T_s	$1/\mu$
Traffic Correlation	0.75 and 0.25
Hop Number, h	3



Analytical and Simulation Results-2

Delay Bound Violation Probability for Different Traffic Load





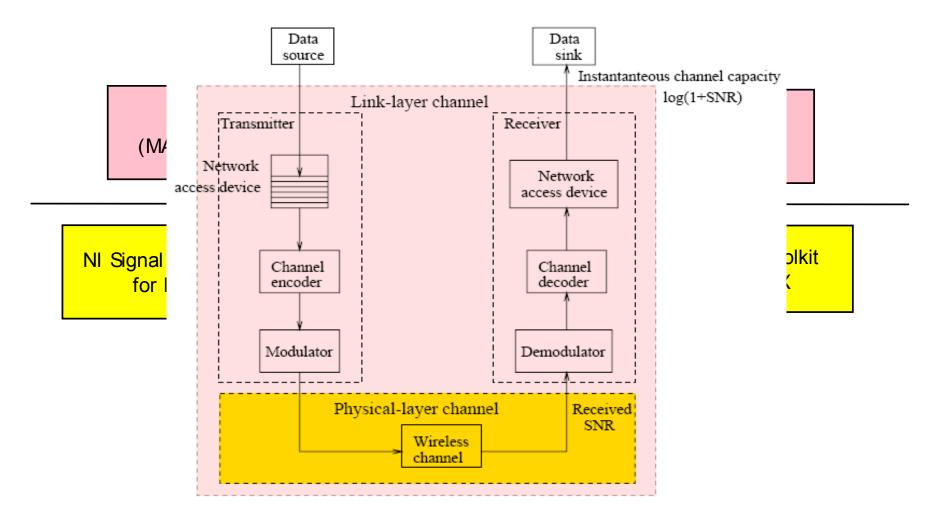
Analytical and Simulation Results-3

Average Delay and Jitter Performance

	Delay Mean	Delay Jitter
Wireless Situation	μ =75kbps and p =0.25	
Simulation/Analytical Results (ms)	6.55 / 6.51	5.13 / 7.14
Wireless Situation	μ =75kbps and p =0.75	
Simulation/Analytical Results (ms)	8.12 / 8.18	5.36 / 7.55
Wireless Situation	μ =85kbps and p =0.25	
Simulation/Analytical Results (ms)	106.00 / 108.59	61.60 / 78.23
Wireless Situation	μ =85kbpsl and p =0.75	
Simulation/Analytical Results (ms)	128.78 / 130.08	57.78 / 66.52



Accuracy Of the Analytical Model in the Real Testbed





Many thanks.

Yu Chen

Email: y.chen@ee.ucl.ac.uk Dept of Electronic and Electrical Engineering University College London, U.K.