

#### **Energy Efficient Technologies for Cooperative MIMO Mobile** Communication Systems Based on Interference Coordination

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# PDMA: @2Mbps All-IP Cellular Mobile Communication Trial System by HUST in 2002







#### FuTURE/B3G Project











PDMA project	China MOST Key 863 Programme "Broadband wireless IP technology", 2000-2002;
	China MOST Important 863 Programme "Research on wireless link technology for next generation cellular mobile communication system", 200-2003;
FuTURE project	China MOST Important 863 Programme "Design and testbed of TDD system protocol, adaptive link and coding", 200-2005;
•	China NSFC Important Project "Adaptive air interface technology based on MIMO-OFDM", 2004-2008;
• Current	China MOST 863 Porgramme "Research on interference coordination technology for multi-user multi-antenna cellular networks", 2009-2010;
<b>projects</b> •	China MOST international cooperative Programme "Cooperative communication technology in wireless networks", 2010-2012.
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# 2.1 Background and Motivation-1

In China, the Telcom. Industry consumed **20** Billion kilowatt at 2008.





Until 2011, the China 3G mobile communication system will add 400,000 base stations. More base stations, more energy consumption?



# 2.1 Background and Motivation-2

- For the next generation mobile communication system, MIMO technology was widely accepted to improve the transmission rate and spectrum efficiency;
- Interference coordination technology is one of the key technologies to implement high transmission rate in the multi-cell MIMO cellular networks.
- How to trade off the energy efficiency and spectrum efficiency in the cellular networks based on interference coordination?





# 2.1 Background and Motivation-3

#### • Aim and objects:

The ultimate aim of this project is investigate and develop various energy efficient techniques for cooperative MIMO systems with multiple cells based on the interference coordination.

- The measurable objectives
- (1) Develop an interference model for cooperative MIMO systems with multiple cells based on the theory of alpha stable processes and analyse the system capacity;
- (2) Investigate the impact of interference coordination techniques on the transmission energy efficiency of base stations in cooperative MIMO communication systems;
- (3) Develop energy-efficient techniques for cooperative MIMO systems.



# 2.2 Research Programme - 1

Work Package 1 :Interference modelling and capacity analysis of multi-cell cooperative MIMO networks

An analytical co-channel interference model has been proposed for a multi-cell cooperative cellular network with the Poisson spatial distribution of interfering transmitters.

➢By adopting the theory of alpha-stable processes, a general method is proposed to derive the probability density function (PDF) of the aggregated interference power in a multi-cell cellular network.

➢From the proposed co-channel interference model, we plan to derive the normalized average downlink capacity for the multi-cell cooperative cellular network.





# 2.2 Research Programme - 2

**Work Package** 2: Impact of interference coordination techniques on transmission energy efficiency in cooperative MIMO systems

> We will apply our newly-developed analytical co-channel interference model to investigate the impact of interference coordination techniques on energy efficiency in cooperative MIMO systems.

Some advanced numerical computation and approximation/ optimization techniques will be applied to obtain tighter performance bounds under different cooperative communication strategies.

>Depending on the work progress, the results will be summarized and a journal or conference paper will be prepared either during or shortly after the visit.





# 2.2 Research Programme - 3

Work Package 3: Energy-efficient techniques for cooperative MIMO communication systems

>We will develop energy-efficient power control and traffic load balancing algorithms for cooperative MIMO systems by utilising advanced traffic engineering, optimisation, and approximation techniques.

➤The aim is to reach the best trade-off between the transmission energy efficiency and the quality of service of cooperative MIMO systems.





Interference model for multi-cell MIMO cellular network





$$f_{I}(y) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Phi_{P^{Rx}}(jw) \exp(-2\pi jwy) dw \quad (1a) \qquad c = \left(\lambda_{BS}q \left(\frac{m\lambda}{\Omega}\right)^{-\alpha} \frac{\Gamma(\lambda+\alpha)\Gamma(N_{t}N_{r}m+\alpha)}{\Gamma(N_{t}N_{r}m)\Gamma(\lambda)}\right)^{\overline{\alpha}} \quad (1e)$$

$$\Phi_{p^{R_{x}}}(j\omega) = \exp\left(-\left|c\omega\right|^{\alpha} \left[1 - jsign(\omega)\tan\left(\frac{\pi\alpha}{2}\right)\right]\right) \quad (1b) \qquad q = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi\Gamma(2 - \alpha)\cos(\pi\alpha/2)}{1 - \alpha}, & \alpha \neq 1\\ \frac{\pi^{2}}{2}, & \alpha = 1 \end{cases} \quad (1f)$$

$$sign(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \omega > 0; \\ 0, & \text{if } \omega = 0; \\ -1 & \text{if } \omega < 0; \end{cases}$$
(1c)

 $\Omega = P_r \sqrt{\lambda + 1/\lambda} \quad (1g)$ 

$$\alpha = \frac{2}{\sigma_r}$$
 (1d)

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 Capacity model for multi-cell MIMO cellular network with co-channel interference





$$C_{Aver} = \sqrt{\gamma^2 / 2\pi} \int_0^\infty \log_2 (1+y) \left( \int_0^\infty e^{-\gamma^2 / 2z} z^{-1/2} f_d(yz) dz \right) dy \quad (2a)$$

$$\gamma = \lambda_{BS} \sqrt{2\pi} \Gamma(\frac{3}{2}) \left(\frac{m\lambda}{\Omega}\right)^{-\alpha} \frac{\Gamma(\lambda + \frac{1}{2})\Gamma(N_t N_r m + \frac{1}{2})}{\Gamma(N_t N_r m)\Gamma(\lambda)} \quad (2b)$$

$$\Gamma(\lambda) = \int_0^\infty t^{\lambda - 1} e^{-t} dt \quad (2c)$$

$$\Omega = P_r \sqrt{\lambda + 1/\lambda} \quad (2d)$$

$$\lambda = 1 / (e^{(\sigma_{dB}/8.686)^2} - 1) \quad 2(f)$$













[1] Xiaohu Ge, Kun Huang, Cheng-Xiang Wang, Xuemin Hong, "Capacity Analysis of a Multi-Cell MIMO Cooperative Cellular Network with Co-Channel Interference," IEEE Trans. Wireless Communications, to be submitted;





# **Future research plan**

- Based on this visit, the visiting fellowship and host researcher will fully appreciate the research strengths of two groups ;
- The visiting fellowship and host researcher plan to submit a joint research proposal to NSFC in the future, and such joint funding applications will be explored in the future from various resources in the UK and China;
- The visiting fellowship and host researcher plan to apply for a joint patent depending on the research outcome, which will hopefully be explored by UK and China industries in the near future.





#### **Researcher Exchange**

# Our group are looking for visiting researcher to host at HUST











# Thamk You

























